



OVERVIEW

DATE OF HOLDINGS 30 JUN 2020

COVERAGE 100%

AMOUNT INVESTED 97,165,128 EUR BENCHMARK USED MSCI World

PORTFOLIO TYPE

EQUITY

CI Global

Climate Impact Assessment

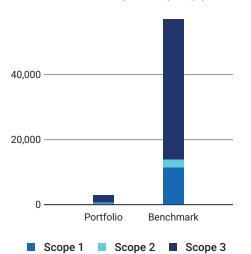
Carbon Metrics 1 of 3

Portfolio Overview

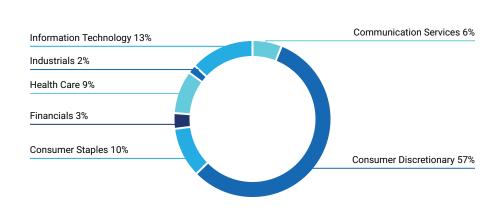
1	Disclosure Number/Weight		Emission Expo tCO₂e	sure		ission Exposure EUR Revenue	Climate Performance Weighted Avg
	Share of Disclosing Holdings	Scope 1 & 2	Incl. Scope 3	Relative Carbon Footprint	Carbon Intensity	Weighted Avg Carbon Intensity	Carbon Risk Rating ¹
Portfolio	81.3% / 83%	512	2,709	5.27	24.58	18.22	39
Benchmark	73.2% / 84.5%	13,828	57,087	142.31	217.06	198.80	37
Net Performa	ance 8 p.p. / -1.5 p.p.	96.3%	95.3%	96.3%	88.7%	90.8%	-

Emission Exposure Analysis

Emissions Exposure (tCO₂e)



Sector Contributions to Emissions²



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 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Note: Carbon Risk Rating data is current as of the date of report generation.

² Emissions contributions for all other portfolio sectors is less than 1% for each sector.

Emission Exposure Analysis (continued)

Top 10 Contributors to Portfolio Emissions					
Issuer Name	Contribution to Portfolio Emission Exposure (%)	Portfolio Weight (%)	Emissions Reporting Quality	Carbon Risk Rating	
Yum China Holdings, Inc.	30.96%	1.22%	Non-Reporting	Laggard	
Tractor Supply Company	15.30%	2.65%	Inconsistent	Medium Performer	
Unilever NV	9.21%	3.62%	Strong	Outperformer	
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co.,	7.71%	1.00%	Strong	Outperformer	
Industria de Diseno Textil SA	5.73%	4.29%	Strong	Outperformer	
The Walt Disney Company	3.81%	1.66%	Moderate	Medium Performer	
Bristol-Myers Squibb Company	2.38%	3.85%	Strong	Outperformer	
Accenture plc	2.34%	4.75%	Strong	Medium Performer	
Amgen Inc.	2.32%	4.07%	Strong	Medium Performer	
Alibaba Group Holding Ltd.	2.13%	4.40%	Non-Reporting	Laggard	
Total for Top 10	81.89%	31.52%			

Carbon Metrics 2 of 3

Emission Attribution Analysis

Emission Attribution Analysis examines the extent to which higher or lower GHG exposure between the portfolio and the benchmark can be attributed to sector allocation versus issuer selection. A portfolio with a larger amount of assets allocated to an emissions-intense sector will ultimately have higher GHG emissions exposure. However, this can be offset by the selection of less emissions-intense issuers from that sector. This analysis relates to the carbon footprint of the portfolio, specifically the Emissions Scope 1 & 2 (tCO₂e) and Relative Carbon Footprint (tCO₂e/Mio Invested) metrics.

The subsequent table identifies the most emissions-intense issuers in the analysis, the comparative weight for each issuer between the portfolio and benchmark, as well as the sector allocation and issuer selection effects. A positive (green) number represents less greenhouse gas exposure for the issuer in the portfolio relative to the benchmark.

Top Sectors to Emission Attribution Exposure vs.Benchmark							
Sector	Portfolio Weight	Benchmark Weight	Difference	Sector Allo	ocation Effect	Issuer Selec	tion Effect
Communication Services	10.33%	8.81%	1.52%	I	-0.13%	0.66%	
Consumer Discretionary	19.11%	11.02%	8.09%		-2.18%	3.05%	1
Consumer Staples	5.06%	8.3%	-3.24%	1.08%		1.31%	
Financials	14.11%	12.61%	1.5%		-0.14%	1.17%	
Health Care	18.68%	14.15%	4.53%		-0.28%	0.84%	
Industrials	3.07%	10%	-6.93%	4.67%]	2%	
Information Technology	29.64%	21.25%	8.39%		-0.46%	1.13%	
Energy	0%	3.23%	-3.23%	19.18%			0%
Materials	0%	4.35%	-4.35%	27.8%			0%
Real Estate	0%	2.96%	-2.96%	0.48%			0%
Utilities	0%	3.32%	-3.32%	36.1%			0%
Cumulative Higher (-) and Lower (+	Cumulative Higher (-) and Lower (+) Emission Exposure vs. Benchmark					10.17%	
Higher (-) / Lower (+) Net Emission	Higher (-) / Lower (+) Net Emission Exposure vs. Benchmark					96%	

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16.94

Emission Attribution Analysis (continued)

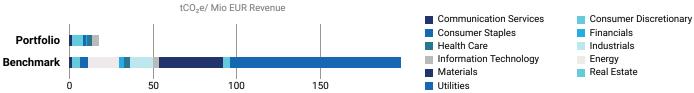
Highest Emission-Intense Issuers in Combined Portfolio & Benchmark Universe					
Issuer Name	Sector	Emission Exposure Scope 1 & 2 (tCO ₂ e)	Carbon Risk Rating	Portfolio Under (-) / Overexposure (+)	
1. ArcelorMittal SA	Materials	21,878.57	 Medium Performer 	-0.02%	
2. Vistra Energy Corp.	Utilities	19,412.58	 Medium Performer 	-0.02%	
3. JFE Holdings, Inc.	Materials	18,562.1	Laggard	-0.01%	
4. Tokyo Electric Power Co. Holdings, Inc.	Utilities	16,994.69	 Medium Performer 	-0.01%	
5. Electric Power Development Co., Ltd.	Utilities	16,366.38	 Medium Performer 	0%	
6. Nippon Steel Corp.	Materials	13,732	Laggard	-0.01%	
7. Taiheiyo Cement Corp.	Materials	12,519.07	 Medium Performer 	-0.01%	
8. HeidelbergCement AG	Materials	11,038.36	 Medium Performer 	-0.02%	
9. EVRAZ Plc	Materials	10,385.96	Laggard	0%	
10. Kyushu Electric Power Co., Inc.	Utilities	9,847.22	 Medium Performer 	-0.01%	
11. RWE AG	Utilities	8,684.8	Medium Performer	-0.05%	
12. Tohoku Electric Power Co., Inc.	Utilities	8,665.89	 Medium Performer 	-0.01%	
13. thyssenkrupp AG	Materials	8,248.16	 Medium Performer 	-0.01%	
14. Deutsche Lufthansa AG	Industrials	8,218.23	 Medium Performer 	0%	
15. NRG Energy, Inc.	Utilities	8,189.91	 Laggard 	-0.02%	

■ Carbon Metrics 3 of 3

10. Games Workshop Group plc

Greenhouse Gas Emission Intensity

Weighted Avg Greenhouse Gas Intensity Sector Contribution



Top 10 Emission Intense Companies (tCO₂e Scope 1 & 2/Revenue Millions)				
Issuer Name	Emission Intensity	Peer Group Avg Intensity		
1. Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	292.34	254.09		
2. Yum China Holdings, Inc.	268.08	68.47		
3. Tractor Supply Company	39.64	16.12		
4. The Walt Disney Company	37.10	23.28		
5. HDFC Bank Limited	33.08	6.70		
6. Unilever NV	30.57	47.73		
7. Alibaba Group Holding Ltd.	28.33	52.07		
8. Bristol-Myers Squibb Company	19.14	104.31		
9. Industria de Diseno Textil SA	19.03	22.01		

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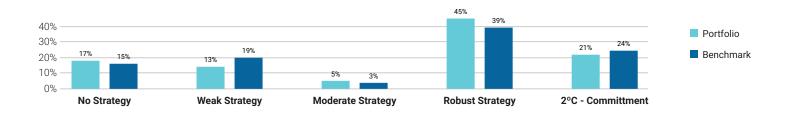
■ Climate Scenario Analysis 1 of 2

In order to transition, holdings need to commit to align with the international climate goals and progress on those in the future. Currently, 20.79% of the portfolio's value is committed to such a goal. While this is not a guarantee to reach this goal, the currently 16.96% of the portfolio without a goal is certainly unlikely to transition and should receive special attention from a climate risk conscious investor.

Portfolio	Portfolio Compliance with Emission Budget per Scenario				
	2020	2030	2040	2050	
2 °	23.47%	32.02%	37.81%	45.41%	
4°	21.76%	22.42%	22.77%	23.33%	
6°	20.72%	19.17%	18.2%	17.76%	

The strategy in its current state is aligned with a 2 degree scenario for the full analyzed period (until 2050).

Climate Strategy Assessment (% Portfolio Weight)

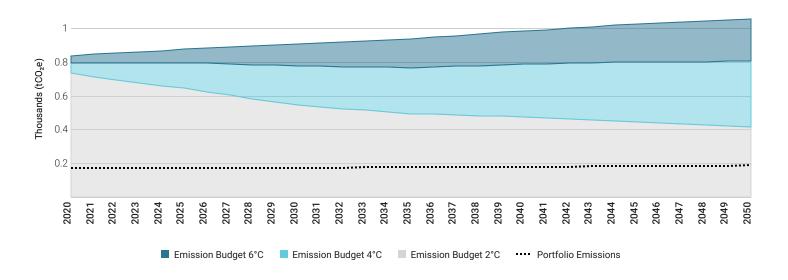


Scenario Analysis

The climate scenario environment alignment compares current and future portfolio greenhouse gas emissions with the carbon budgets for a below 2 degree Celsius scenario as well as warming scenarios of 4 degrees and 6 degrees Celsius until 2050.

The CI Global strategy in its current state is aligned with a 2 degree scenario for the full analyzed period (until 2050).

Portfolio Emission Pathway vs. Climate Scenarios

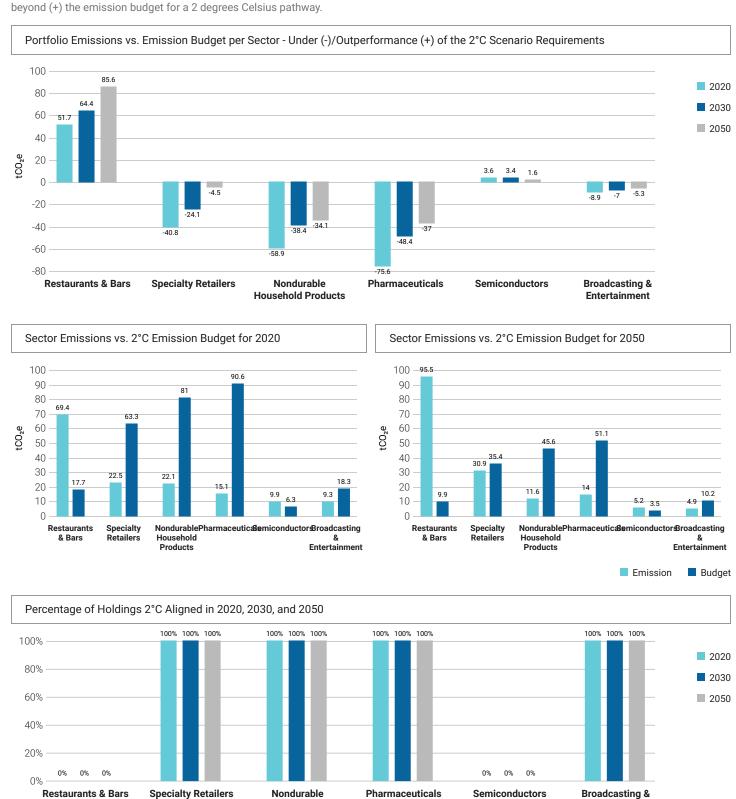


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Entertainment

■ Climate Scenario Analysis 2 of 2

To contain average global warming to below 2 degrees Celsius, portfolio holdings in certain sectors are still aligned (-), while others are already beyond (+) the emission budget for a 2 degrees Celsius pathway.



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Household Products

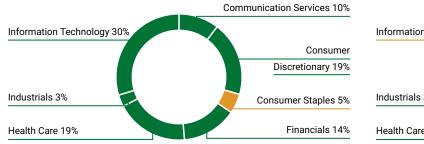
■ Physical Climate Risk Analysis

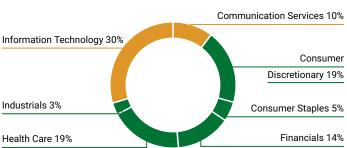
Rising temperature levels, even if limited to 2° Celsius, will result in changes of the climate system resulting in physical risks. Physical risks can be classified into long term weather changes and extreme weather events such as storms, floods, or droughts. Companies' exposure to these two types of physical risk depends on two main factors: their sector as well as the geographical region they are active in.

Sector Exposure: Chronic and Acute Physical Risk

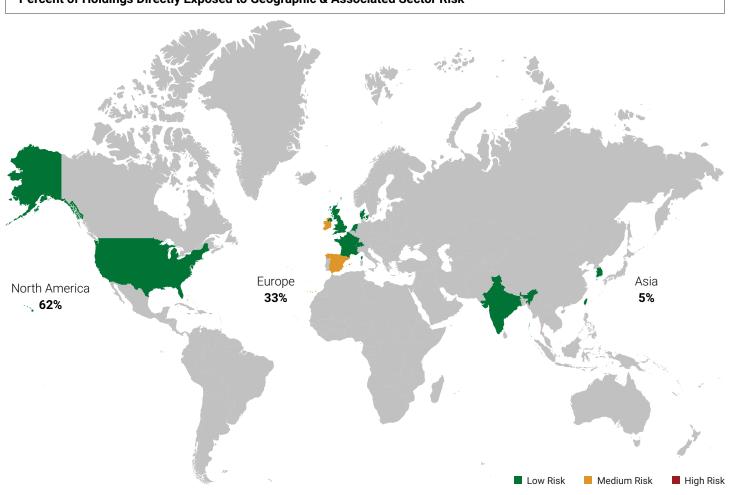
Physical Risk: Chronic

Physical Risk: Acute





Percent of Holdings Directly Exposed to Geographic & Associated Sector Risk



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■ Transition Climate Risk Analysis 1 of 3

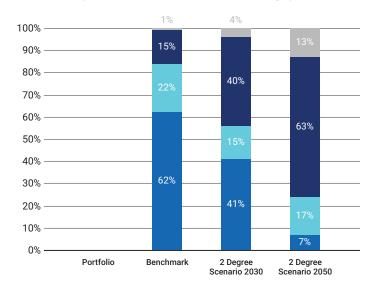
A decarbonized world needs to address both the demand side (for example Utilities burning fossil fuels) and the supply side (i.e. fossil reserves) of future emissions. For Utilities, it matters whether the power generated and power generation planned for the future stem from renewable (green) or fossil (brown) sources. For fossil reserve owning companies, potential future greenhouse gas emissions might indicate stranded asset risk. The Carbon Risk Rating (1-100) provides a view on how well the respective portfolio and benchmark holdings are managing such risks.

Transition Analysis Overview

	Power Generation	n	Rese	rves	Climate Performance
	% Installed Capacity Green Share	% Installed Capacity Brown Share	% Investment Exposed to Fossil Fuels	Total Potential Future Emissions (ktCO ₂)	Weighted Avg Carbon Risk Rating
Portfolio	-	-	-	-	39
Benchmark	15.32%	61.99%	4.52%	289.27	37

Power Generation

Power Generation Exposure (Portfolio vs. Benchmark vs. Climate Target)



For a decarbonized future economy, it is key to transition the energy generation mix from fossil to renewable sources. Utilities relying on fossil power production without a substitute plan might run a higher risk of getting hit by climate change regulatory measures as well as reputational damages. The graph on the left compares the energy generation mix of the portfolio with the benchmark and a 2 degree Celsius compatible mix in 2020 and 2050, according to the International Energy Agency. Below, the 5 largest Utility holdings can be compared on fossil versus renewable energy production capacity, their contribution to the overall portfolio greenhouse gas emission exposure and their production efficiency for 1 GWH of electricity.

Fossil Fuels	Nuclear	Renewables	Other

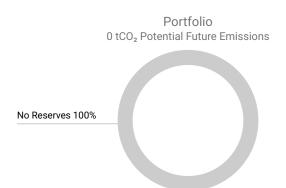
Top 5 Utilities' Fossil vs. Renewable Energy Mix

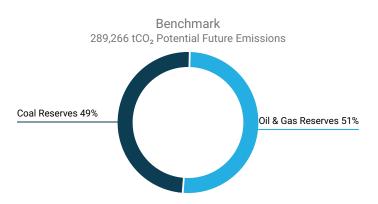
Issuer Name	% Fossil Fuel Capacity	% Renewable Energy Capacity	% Contribution to Portfolio Emissions	Emissions tCO₂e Scope 1 & 2 /GWh
-	-	-	-	

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■ Transition Climate Risk Analysis 2 of 3

For fossil reserve owning companies, potential future greenhouse gas emissions might indicate stranded asset risk, as about 80% of those reserves need to stay in the ground to not exceed 2 degrees Celsius of warming. The portfolio contains 0 tCO_2 of potential future emissions, of which - stem from Coal reserves, - from Oil and Gas reserves. Investor focus is often on the 100 largest Oil & Gas and 100 largest Coal reserve owning companies, to understand the exposure to these top 100 lists.





Exposure to the 100 Largest Oil & Gas and Coal Reserve Owning Assets				
Issuer Name	Contribution to Portfolio Potential Future Emissions	Oil & Gas Top 100 Rank	Coal Top 100 Rank	
	No Applicable Data			

Unconventional and controversial energy extraction such as "Fracking" and Arctic Drilling is a key focus for investors, both from a transition and a reputation risk perspective.

Exposure to Contr	oversial Business Practice	es			
Issuer Name	Portfolio Weight	Arctic Drilling	Hydraulic Fracturing	Oil Sands	Shale Oil and/or Gas
		No App	licable Data		

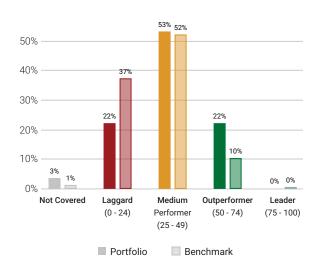
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■ Transition Climate Risk Analysis 3 of 3

Portfolio Carbon Risk Rating

The Carbon Risk Rating (CRR) assesses how an issuer is exposed to climate risks and opportunities, and whether these are managed in a way to seize opportunities, and to avoid or mitigate risks. It provides investors with critical insights into how issuers are prepared for a transition to a low carbon economy and is a central instrument for the forward-looking analysis of carbon-related risks at portfolio and issuer level.

CRR Distribution Portfolio vs. Benchmark



Avg Portfolio CRR and Spread for Selected ISS ESG Rating Industries

ISS ESG Rating Industry ¹	Average Carbon Risk Rating	
Food & Beverages	•	34
Financials/Commercial Banks & Capital Markets	•	23
Renewable Energy (Operation) & Energy Efficiency Equipment		-
Utilities/Electric Utilities		-
Electronic Components		-
Machinery		-
Transportation Infrastructure		-
Oil & Gas Equipment/Services		-
Oil, Gas & Consumable Fuels		-
Transport & Logistics		-
0	50 1	00

Top 5 ²	Country	ISS ESG Rating Industry	CRR	Portfolio Weight (consol.)
■ RELX Plc	United Kingdom	Media	69	1.52%
Roche Holding AG	Switzerland	Pharmaceuticals & Biotechnology	62	3.98%
■ Industria de Diseno Textil SA	Spain	Textiles & Apparel	59	4.29%
■ Bristol-Myers Squibb Company	USA	Pharmaceuticals & Biotechnology	55	3.85%
■ Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co.,	Taiwan	Semiconductors	55	1%

Bottom 5 ²	Country	ISS ESG Rating Industry	CRR	Portfolio Weight (consol.)
Yum China Holdings, Inc.	USA	Food & Beverages	13	1.22%
■ Booking Holdings Inc.	USA	Software & IT Services	16	1.31%
■ Games Workshop Group plc	United Kingdom	Retail	19	2.47%
Paychex, Inc.	USA	Software & IT Services	22	3.3%
■ LG Household & Health Care Ltd.	South Korea	Household & Personal Products	22	1.44%

[■] Climate Laggard (0 - 24)
Climate Medium Performer (25 - 49)
Climate Outperformer (50 - 74)
Climate Leader (75 - 100)

¹ The proprietary ISS ESG Rating industry Classification is intended to group companies from an ESG perspective and might differ from other classification systems.

² Multiple issuers may have the same CRR value. In the event the Top 5 and Bottom 5 tables have more than one issuer in the last position due to a tie in CRR values, the weight of the issuers in the portfolio will determine the issuer assigned to the table.

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